

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
FLORENCE DIVISION

Kimberly Reaves,)	Civil Action No.: 4:16-cv-00328-RBH
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	ORDER
)	
Alyson L. Boyd,)	
)	
Defendant.)	
)	

Defendant Alyson L. Boyd, proceeding pro se, filed a notice of removal purporting to remove this case from the South Carolina Family Court to this Court. *See* ECF No. 1. The matter is before the Court for review of the Report and Recommendation (R & R) of United States Magistrate Judge Thomas E. Rogers, III, made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 73.02 for the District of South Carolina.¹ *See* R & R, ECF No. 9. The Magistrate Judge recommends that the Court remand this case to the Family Court for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of South Carolina. *Id.* at 1, 8.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with this Court. *See Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 270-71 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the R & R to which specific objection is made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge or recommit the matter with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

¹ The Magistrate Judge reviewed Plaintiff's notice of removal pursuant to the screening provisions of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(e)(2) and 1915A. The Court is mindful of its duty to liberally construe the pleadings of pro se litigants. *See Gordon v. Leeke*, 574 F.2d 1147, 1151 (4th Cir. 1978). *But see Beaudett v. City of Hampton*, 775 F.2d 1274, 1278 (4th Cir. 1985) ("Principles requiring generous construction of pro se complaints are not, however, without limits. *Gordon* directs district courts to construe pro se complaints liberally. It does not require those courts to conjure up questions never squarely presented to them.").

Neither party has filed objections to the R & R. In the absence of objections to the R & R, the Court is not required to give any explanation for adopting the Magistrate Judge's recommendations. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199-200 (4th Cir. 1983). The Court reviews only for clear error in the absence of an objection. *See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct de novo review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation'" (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note)).

After a thorough review of the record in this case, the Court finds no clear error and therefore adopts and incorporates by reference the R & R [ECF No. 9] of the Magistrate Judge. Accordingly, the Court **REMANDS** this case to the Family Court for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of South Carolina for further proceedings. The Court **DIRECTS** the Clerk of this Court to mail a certified copy of this Order to the Clerk of Court for the Family Court for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of South Carolina.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Florence, South Carolina
April 15, 2016

s/ R. Bryan Harwell
R. Bryan Harwell
United States District Judge